

SUSTAINABILITY OF FOOD PACKAGING

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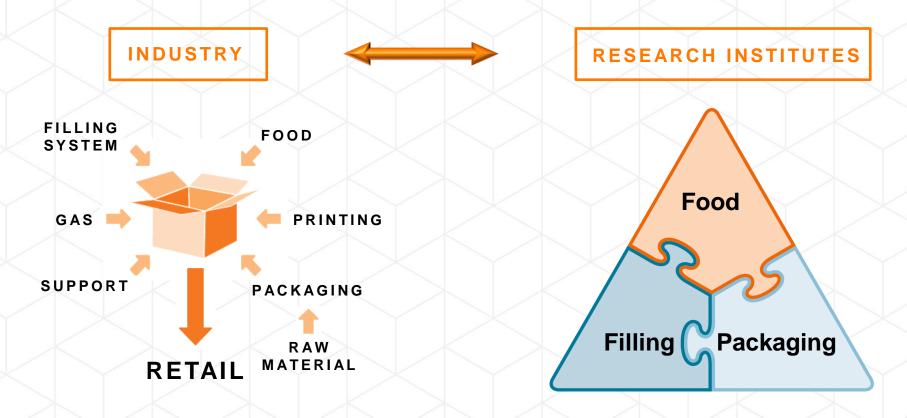


Frucom Sustainability Working Group

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BRINGING TOGETHER RESEARCH AND INDUSTRY



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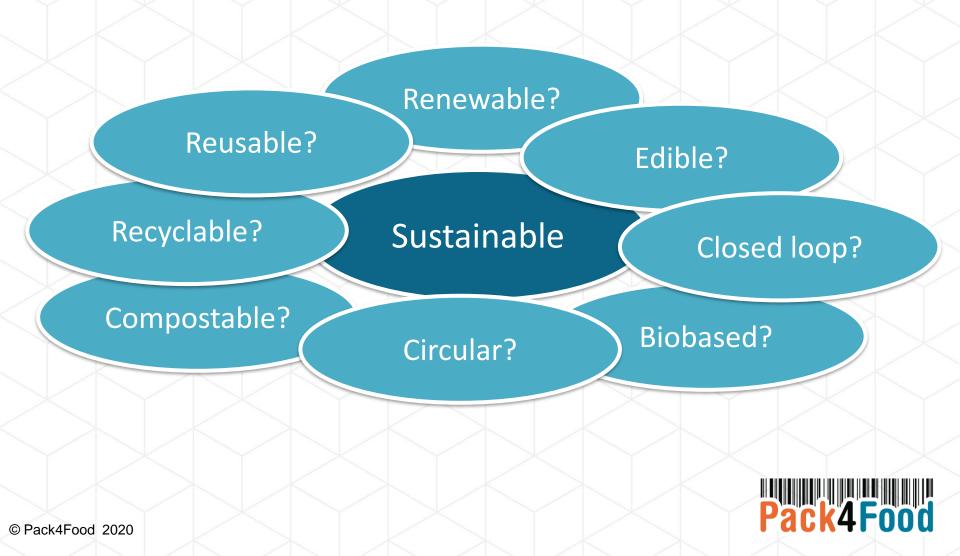
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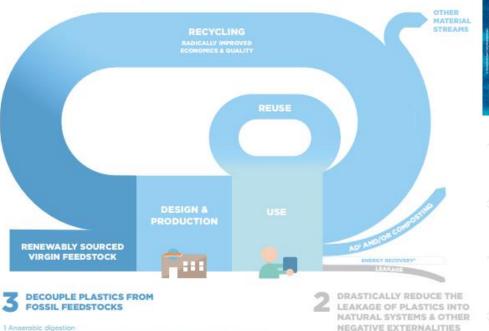


WHAT IS SUSTAINABLE PACKAGING?



CIRCULAR ECONOMY

CREATE AN EFFECTIVE AFTER-USE PLASTICS ECONOMY



1 Anaerobic digestion 2 The role of, and boundary conditions for, energy recovery in the New Plastics Economy need to be further investigated Source: Project Mainstream analysis.

Source: World Economic Forum, Ellen MacArthur Foundation and McKinsey & Company, The New Plastics Economy — Rethinking the future of plastics (2016, http://www.ellenmacarthurfoundation.org/publications)

EU PLASTICS STRATEGY

- Improving the economics and quality of plastics recycling
- Curbing plastic waste and littering
- Driving innovation and investment towards circular solutions
 - Harnessing global action

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http://ec.europa.eu/environment/waste/plastic_was



CIRCULAR ECONOMY



Single-use plastics: new EU directive to reduce marine litter (EU 2019/904) based on products, constituting 80-85% of all marine litter items

Single-use plastics & fishing gear



CIRCULAR ECONOMY



Recyclability

All plastic packaging should be recyclable or reusable by 2030

Recycling targets

▶ 55% recycling of plastic packaging waste by 2030 (in 2015: this was 40%)

Recycled content

▶ 30% recycled content in all plastic bottles by 2030 (cfr. SUP legislation)

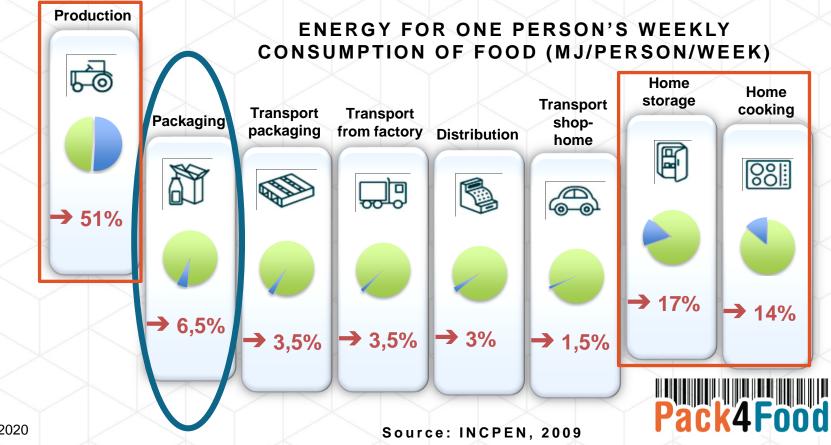


Key message 1: always consider the packaged product: i.e. product + package



Key message 1: always consider the packaged product:

i.e. product + package



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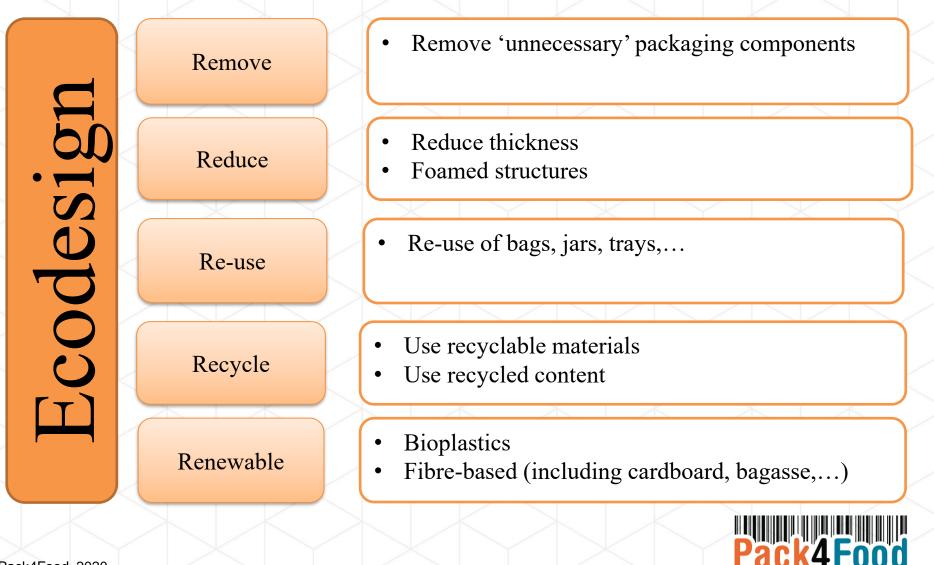
Key message 1: always consider the packaged product i.e. product + package

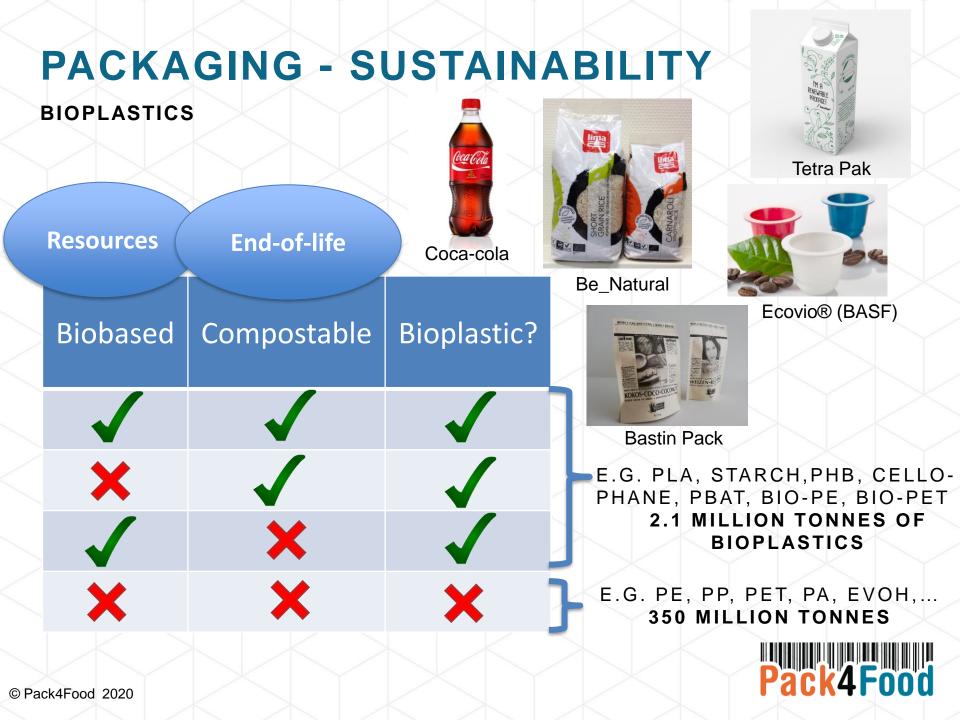
Key message 2: aim for packaging optimization
Responsibility for all stakeholders in packaging chain

Eco-design



HOW TO BE SUSTAINABLE IN PACKAGING?





- Bioplastics is a too broad term.
- Preferable to use:

IMPORTANT

- **Bio-based plastic** if it is a plastic derived from biomass
- Biodegradable plastic if it biodegrades
- Cfr. glossary of European Commission

https://ec.europa.eu/knowledge4policy/glossary/bioplastic_en



Key message 1: always consider the packaged product i.e. product + package

Key message 2: aim for packaging optimization
Responsibility for all stakeholders in packaging chain

Focus on monomaterial solutions: examples

- Cardboard box
- Metal can

Monolayer plastic bag (PE for deepfreeze applications; PP for nuts;...)

▶Glass jar

Avoid combinations of different materials (e.g. plastic + paper)



Eco-design

Key message 1: always consider the packaged product i.e. product + package

Key message 2: aim for packaging optimization
Responsibility for all stakeholders in packaging chain

- Focus on monomaterial solutions
- In case of plastics: focus on PE, PP and PET
 - Either in single layer
 - ► Or as coated material: e.g. PP/SiOx/PP ; PET/AlOx/PET
 - Or with a maximum of conventional barrier materials
 - (e.g. 5% EVOH in a structure PP/EVOH/PP?)

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Key message 1: always consider the packaged product i.e. product + package

Key message 2: aim for packaging optimization
Responsibility for all stakeholders in packaging chain

Key message 3: explore different collection, sorting and recycling strategies



SORTING AND RECYCLING STRATEGIES

Efficient collection systems

- Worldwide approach needed: role of policy!
- Important role of consumers (e.g. responsibility towards waste in the environment)
- Performance sorting equipment: currently research on implementation of
 - Broader range of sorting techniques
 - Integration of unique code in packaging materials: e.g. <u>digital watermarks for molds or for prints</u>

CFR. DIGITAL WATERMARKS INITIATIVE "HOLYGRAIL 2.0"

http://www.aim.be/priorities/digital-watermarks/



EXAMPLE DIGITAL WATERMARK



Source: <u>https://www.bbc.com/news/av/business-50335737/could-invisible-barcodes-revolutionise-recycling</u>

also applicable in other parts of the food packaging chain:
e.g. authenticity, convenience to consumers,...



SORTING AND RECYCLING STRATEGIES

Efficient collection systems

- Worldwide approach needed: role of policy!
- Important role of consumers (e.g. responsibility towards waste in the environment)
- Performance sorting equipment
- Quality recycling processes:
 - Avoid non-recyclable or difficult-to-recycle items
 - Depends on the type of material
 - Depends on volume on the market





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Important points:

- Food safety of recycled materials!
- Environmental impact of different recycling strategies?



EuCertPlast

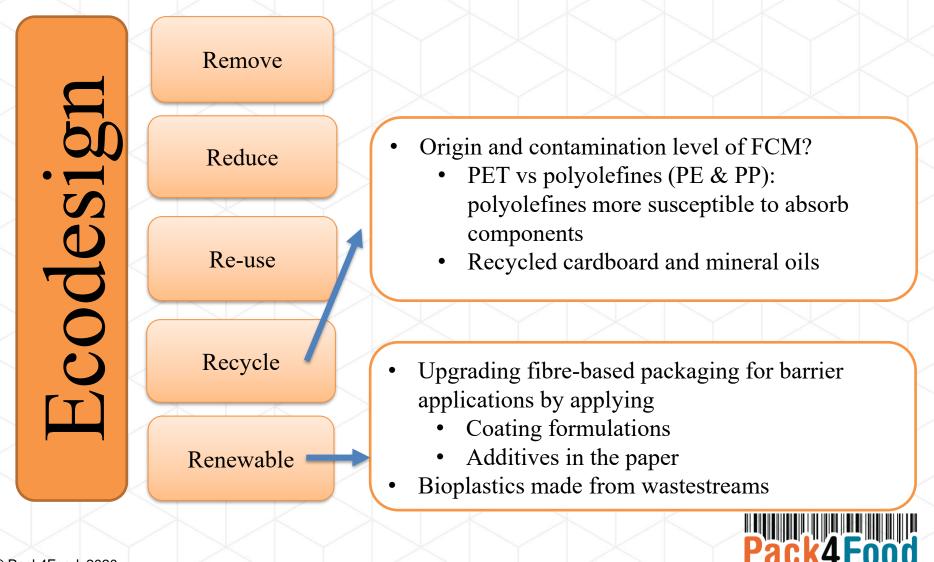
CHALLENGES IN ECO-DESIGN IN RELATION TO FOOD SAFETY



- Risk of removing/reducing necessary layers acting as a functional barrier
- Sorption and migration in case of re-using for different food products
- Hygienic factors



CHALLENGES IN ECO-DESIGN IN RELATION TO FOOD SAFETY



THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!

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Tel: +32 (0)9 264 99 30 peter.ragaert@Pack4Food.be www.Pack4Food.be Pack4Food helps companies to improve food packaging.

We bring together companies and research institutes to achieve large and small improvements in the packaging chain.

We initiate and coordinate research, build a network and offer training and advice.



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